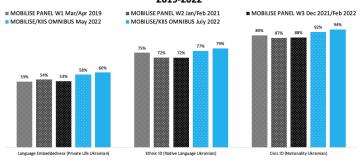


Ethnolinguistic & Civic Identity Among The Ukrainian Population 2019-2022



Onuch, O., Doyle, D., Ersanilli, E., Sasse, G., Toma, S., & Van Stekelenburg, J. (2019). MOBILISE 2019: Ukrainian Nationally representative Survey Wave One. Version 2 (with oversample, N=2000). Onuch, O., Doyle, D., Ersanilli, E., Sasse, G., Toma, S., & Van Stekelenburg, J. (2021). MOBILISE 2021: Ukrainian Nationally Representative Survey Wave Two. Version 2 (with Oversample, N=2640).

Onuch, O., Doyle, D., Ersanilli, E., Sasse, G., Toma, S., & Van Stekelenburg, J. (2022a). MOBILISE 2022: Ultrainian Nationally Representative Survey Wave Three. Version 2 (with Oversample, N=3218). Onuch, O., Doyle, D., Ersanilli, E., Sasse, G., Toma, S., & Van Stekelenburg, J. (2022b). MOBILISE 2022: Ultrainian Nationally Representative Survey, KIIS OMNIBLIS May (N=2009).

Omach, O., Doyle, D., Ensantil, E., Sasse, G., Toma, S., & Van Steleienburg, J. (2022b). MOBILES 2022: Unrained Nationally Representative Survey, XIS OMMBUS May (N=2009). Omach, O., Doyle, D., Ensantil, E., Sasse, G., Toma, S., & Van Steleienburg, J. (2022c). MOBILES 2022: Unrained Nationally Representative Survey, XIS OMMBUS 304) (N=2009).

The margin of error of the surveys does not exceed 3.7%, 2.9%, and 2.8% for Waves One, Two and Three respectively.

FOR MAY 2022/2021: Data collected by KIIS as part of their May OMNIBUS using CATI Mode. To bring the sample structure in line with the structure of the population of Ukraine as a whole, special statistical weights were computed. Special thanks goes to our partners at KIIS Natalia Kharchenko, Eugene lienko and Volodymyr Panitto.

special statistical wei TextBox 1 juted. Special thanks goes to our partners at KIS Natalia Kharchenko, Eugene llenko and Volodymyr Panitto.

rereemage	Point Change in F Nationality in Ob				
Kyiv City	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				1 0%
Odesa				8%	
Kharkiv				8%	
Dnipropetrovsk ==				8%	
Zaporizhzhia ==				8%	
Mykolayiv =			6%		
Kherson			6 %		
Donetsk =			6 %		
Luhansk ==			■ 6%		
Zhytomyr		59	5		
Kirovohrad ==		5%			
Lviv		4%			
Chernivtsi		4%			
Poltava 🖿		4%			
Khmelnytskyy		3%			
Vinnytsya		3%			
Sumy		3%			
Kyiv	3	%			
Cherkasy ==	3%				
Rivne =	3%				
Ivano-Frankivsk	3%				
Volyn -	2%				
Zakarpatia	2%				
Chernihiv	2%				
Sevastopil =	2%				



Authors' calculations: all oblasts coloured-in in black were the home oblast of the abovementioned dissidents





their city squares & show that they #StandWithUkraine but his Ukrainian speech is even more powerful "they didn't think we would fight...they were



@ZelenskyyUa reads her poem "there's no need 2 think meagerly" & calls out politicians who are hiding trying 2 use misery of war for personal gain pretendin their care, they are only showing an ability to think meagerly!



Figure 7.8 Word Frequency Analysis of



Ze's Speeches 2021





Servant of the People

Watch the Series

After a Ukrainian high school teacher's tirade against government corruption goes viral on social media, he finds himself the country's new president.

JOIN FREE FOR A MONTH

Servant of the People

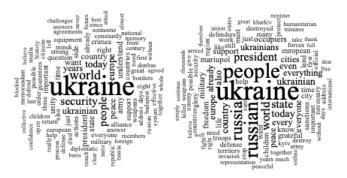
Starring: Vladimir Zelenskiy, Natalya Sumskaya, Vlktor Saraykin Genres: TV Shows, TV Comedies, Sitcoms



- ► An eastern Ukrainian Russophone = "Ukrainianized"...
- ► Narrative of unity employed inclusive civic symbolism throughout.
- Link protecting one-self with protecting the country/Ukrainian nation:
 - ► "Let's take care of ourselves! Let's take care of all others around us, Let's protect Ukraine!" (Office of President of Ukraine 2020/21).

February 24, 2022

Figure 7.9 Word Frequency Analysis of Ze's Speeches 2022 Pre-February 24 Ze's Speeches 2022 Post-February 24



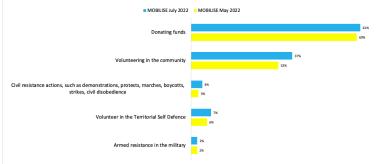
Authors' calculations of Zelensky's Speeches in 2022 for full list please see appendix.

Ukrainians and Their Tractors



Since the Russian invasion of Ukraine on February 24, 2022 have you participated in any of the following actions and if so, which one/s [choose all that apply]?

Below shows percent of population who ansered "yes."

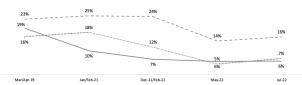


Cite as (Onuch et. al. 2022)
Sample is tes May Ne 2009, July Ne 2000. Data collected by KIIS as part of their OMNBUS using CATI Mode, Margin of error no greater than 2.4%. 14.29% of the respondents moved from their original oblast of residence.
The gender and as extrusture was defined according to the State Statistics Service on lanuary 1, 2021. Special thanks soes KIIS partners Natalial Marchenko, Eugene Henko and Volodimor Parinto.

Support for Democracy Among Ukrainians: With which of the following statements do you agree most?

- ---- Democracy is preferable to any other kind of government
- Under some circumstances, an authoritarian government can be preferable to a democratic one
- For people like me, it doesn't matter whether we have a democratic or non-democratic regime





Identity and Political Dispositions 2014-2022 The Zelensky and The War Effects

